

# Quick introduction to FLINT

How to compile and contribute

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27th of January, 2025

FLINT development workshop, Palaiseau

# What is FLINT?

- FLINT stands for **F**ast **L**ibrary for **N**umber **T**heory.
- Written in C.
- Base functionality for integers, rational numbers, modular arithmetic, floating-point arithmetic, ball arithmetic, finite fields, ...
- Extends functionality to vectors, matrices, univariate polynomials, multivariate polynomials (including factorization), special functions, embeddings of finite fields, number fields, algebraic numbers, ...

Since the workshop in Bordeaux 2024, we released FLINT 3.2.0.  
This includes:

- New module `mpn_mod` for packed fixed-size modular arithmetic
- New module `nfloat` for packed fixed-precision floating-point arithmetic
- Major work on the `gr` modules
- Faster single-word modular arithmetic
- Improved low-level routines, mainly multiplication
- Streamlining test code, documentation fixes, bug fixes, CI improvements, ...

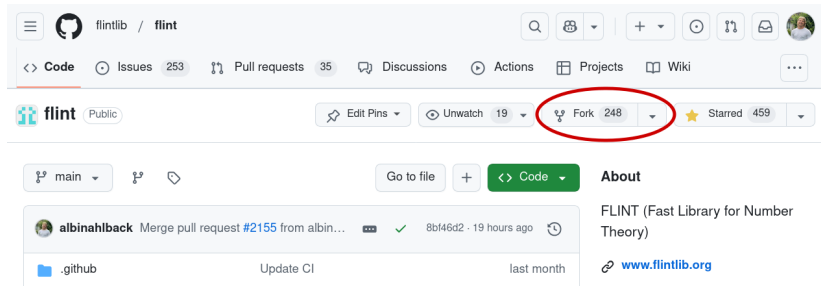
- FLINT provides a binary library (such as `libflint.so`) along with headers.
- Library can be linked and called in other software, such as in `Oscar.jl`:

```
@ccall libflint.fmpz_add(z::Ref{ZZRingElem},  
                        x::Ref{ZZRingElem}, y::Ref{ZZRingElem})::Nothing
```

- FLINT on Github: <https://github.com/flintlib/flint/>
- FLINT's website: <https://flintlib.org/>
- Zulip chat for FLINT: <https://sagemath.zulipchat.com/#narrow/stream/408539-flint>
- FLINT mailing list:  
<https://groups.google.com/g/flint-devel>

# Working with Github

To contribute to FLINT, you probably want to create your own fork on Github:



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `flintlib / flint`. The repository is public and has 248 forks and 459 stars. The `Fork` button is circled in red. Below the repository information, there is a section for recent activity, showing a pull request by `albinahlback` and a file named `.github` with the description "Update CI" and a last update time of "last month".

Feel free to star it as well!

## Pulling FLINT from official Git server

Assuming that you have forked FLINT on Github, you can set up FLINT on your local computer via

```
git clone git@github.com:MyUsernameOnGithub/flint.git
cd flint/
git remote add upstream git@github.com:flintlib/flint.git
```

Now your own remote repository is called `origin`, and flintlib's repository is called `upstream`.

## Updating FLINT via Git

During the workshop, FLINT will be updated continuously, and you can become outdated quite quickly. To update your FLINT, write

```
git checkout main
git fetch upstream
git rebase upstream/main
git push
```

and now the `main` branch your local repository and your fork on Github should be up-to-date with the official repository's `main` branch.



## Develop a new branch

You have a great idea and want to try it out, and eventually have it merged in FLINT. Then create a new branch by the following:

```
git checkout -b mybranch main
... // edit some files
git add myfile1 myfile2 myfile3
git commit // ensure that commit message is descriptive
git push -u origin mybranch
```

Now mybranch should in on your repository on Github, and you can create a pull request.

On Unix-type systems (macOS, Linux, \*BSD), we need the following:

- GMP and MPFR. On Debian:

```
sudo apt install libgmp-dev libmpfr-dev
```

- GNU Make and GNU Autotools. On Debian:

```
sudo apt install make autoconf libtool-bin automake
```

If you use Windows and need help with installation, please talk with Albin afterwards.

# Configuring and building FLINT

- Generate configure script:

```
./bootstrap.sh
```

- Configure FLINT:

```
./configure
```

Type `./configure --help` to see a full list of options.

- To build FLINT, run:

```
make -j $(expr $(nproc) + 1)
```

```
# $(nproc) is the number of threads on your system.
```

```
# This builds FLINT the fastest.
```

- Testing FLINT:

```
make check
```

Can be done multithreaded by passing option `-j` to `make`.

- Examples of testing specific modules:

```
make check MOD=fmpz
```

```
make check MOD="fmpq nmod_poly"
```

- To install FLINT, run:

```
make install
```

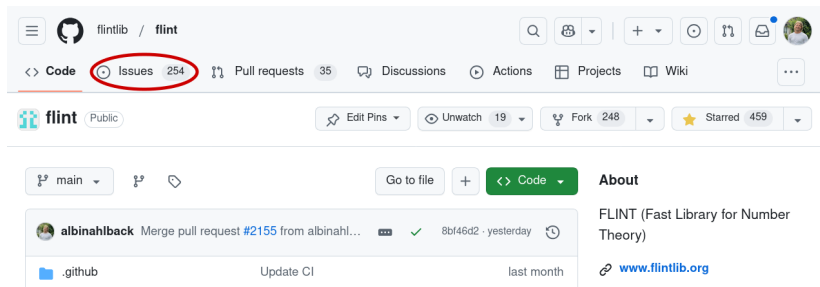
The destination is set during configuration, with default being `--prefix=/usr/local`.

# File layout

```
flint/  
  doc/  
    source/  
      fmpz.rst // Documentation for fmpz module  
  examples/  
    factor_integer.c  
  src/ // Source code  
  flint.h  
  fmpz.h // One header per module  
  fmpz/ // Module's sources in its own directory  
    add.c  
    test/ // Test directory for this module  
      main.c  
      t-add.c
```

# Reporting bugs

To report a bug in FLINT, preferably open up an issue at Github:



The screenshot displays the GitHub interface for the repository `flintlib / flint`. The navigation bar includes tabs for `Code`, `Issues` (with 254 issues), `Pull requests` (35), `Discussions`, `Actions`, `Projects`, and `Wiki`. The `Issues` tab is highlighted with a red circle. Below the navigation bar, there are buttons for `Edit Pins`, `Unwatch` (19), `Fork` (248), and `Starred` (459). The main content area shows a merge pull request by `albinahlback` and a file named `.github` with an update CI last month.

or you can send an email to the FLINT mailing list (link in the beginning of this presentation).

# Some ideas for the workshop

- General development
- Finding bugs
- Bug fixes
- Improve the usage of FLINT in other software
- Improve documentation
  - Is docstring of  $X$  clear?
  - Does it agree with how people usually define it (say [Mathlib](#))?
- Streamlining of FLINT – simplify and “coherentify” everything
  - Can test code be unified, yet still be expressive?
  - Documentation can definitely be more coherent! Do we really need  $n$  independent docstrings for addition of (exact) rings?  
Write a macro for, say, addition?